Basics of Manufacturing Process Analyses

$$CT_{q} = \left(\frac{U}{1-U}\right) \cdot E[S] \cdot \left(\frac{U^{\sqrt{2C+2}-2}}{C}\right)$$

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Simulation & Control

Simulation

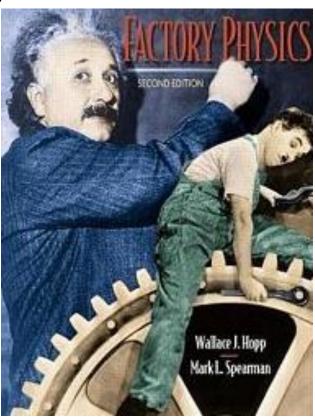
$$Y = f(X)$$

Control

$$Y = f(X)$$

Manufacturing Process Modeling

Factory Physics



$$L = \lambda W$$

Process Analyses (I)

• AnyLogic, ExtendSim, flexSim,

- Output of D.E.S.
 - Cycle Time
 - WIP
 - Throughput

Process Analyses (II)

Assumption

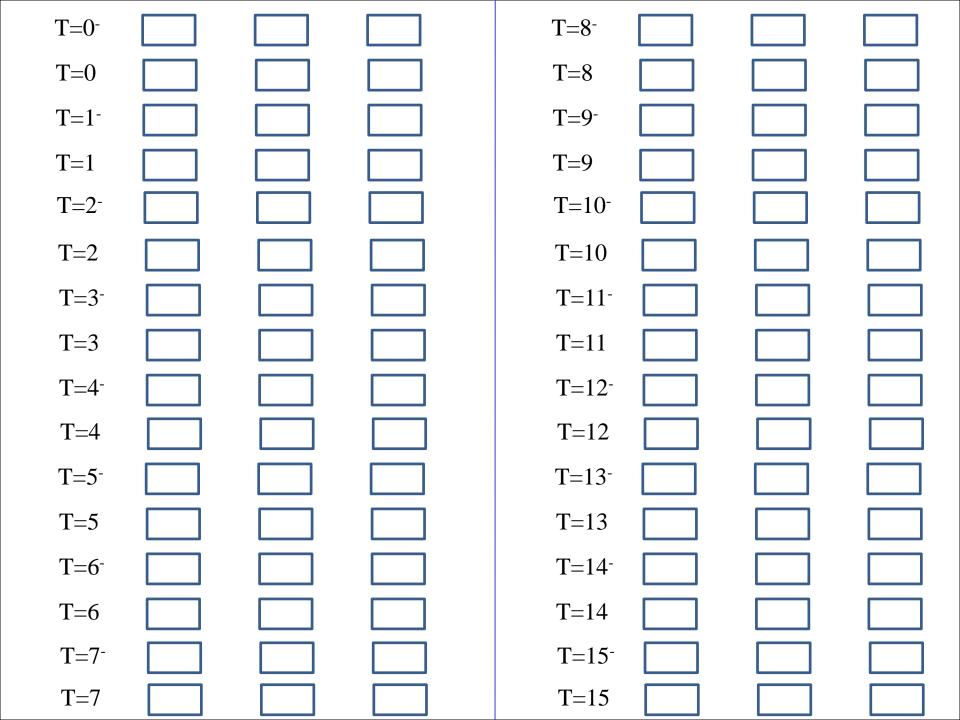
- Three machines & serial processing
- Machining time = $\{1, 2, 1\}$
- Input strategy = when one output is leaving, one input enters

$$T=0^{-}$$









Process Analyses (III)

Performances

- # of machines = ?
- Works in Process = ?
- Throughput = ?
- Cycle time = ?

- Formula \rightarrow ?

Exercise

Assumption

- Three machines & serial processing
- Machining time = $\{1, 2, 1\}$
- Input strategy = when one output is leaving, one input enters

- 1) Draw transition diagram
- 2) Compute cycle time
- 3) Compute WIP
- 4) Compute Throughput

Control of "Process model"

• Control model 1

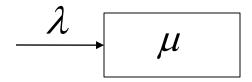
$$L = \lambda \cdot W$$

• Control model 2

$$W = f(\lambda, \mu_1, \sigma_1, \mu_2, \sigma_2, \cdots)$$

In one machine case (1)

• One machine case



 $\left(3\right)$

....

In one machine case (2)

• Case of P_n



In one machine case (3)

• WIP, Cycle time and Throughput

In two machine case

- Case of $M/M/2/\infty$
 - Transition diagram
 - Balance equation

In non-identical machines

• Fast server (μ), slow server (δ)

In break-down case

Rate

- Arrival rate : λ
- Service rate : μ
- Rate of break down : γ
- Time to repair : *U*

Again, M/M/1

• WIP in Queue : $E[W_q]$

• Cycle time in Queue : CT_q

• Cycle time in System : CT_S

In M/M/2 (1)

• Transition diagram & balanced equation

In M/M/2 (2)

• WIP in Queue : $E[W_q]$

• Cycle time in Queue : CT_q

• Cycle time in System : CT_S

In M/M/3

• Cycle time in System : CT_s